

The Daily Ardmoreite.

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BETTER FOODS BETTER HOMES CAMPAIGN

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR INTERESTED HOUSEWIVES. FLORENCE M. PEET ENGAGED BY THE ARDMOREITE.

MANY SLOGANS indicate various avenues of interest in the public mind today, but these all converge at the point of health and happiness for the race. "Better Babies," "Back to the Farm," "Safety First," and other such phrases stand for wide-spread and helpful movements of one sort or another, but one slogan which includes all the others and which appeals to the heart of every intelligent housewife is that of "Better Foods, Better Homes." The movement carried on under this slogan is as old as the world itself, but it has recently been taken up by a number of thoughtful men and women and given a new impetus and more vital significance.

The Better Foods Better Homes movement has no stronger advocate than Florence M. Peet, and she is carrying on the work in a practical manner, bringing it before the minds of those interested and most likely to bring the matter to a satisfactory focus. These are the home makers and housekeepers of the country, the women who cook for the world.

Adopts Interesting Plan.

The plan of Miss Peet's work is to bring together the housewives of the city who are deeply interested, and present to them the importance of good food and its effect upon the home and the community. She does this in two ways: first by the lecture method. A most entertaining and convincing speaker, it is not difficult for Miss Peet to hold large crowds of women at a point of intense interest for any length of time while she discusses the food situation in a practical and helpful manner. Her other method is to cook the "better" foods she advocates. She does this quite easily before big crowds of women, and explains as she goes along, every detail of the methods why she does this, that or the other, which foods make the best combinations, which are most economical and which are most valuable from the standpoint of nourishment.

Work is Worth While.

The work done by Miss Peet last season in the large cities of Kansas and Missouri, and later on the Pacific coast, attracted widespread attention, and The Ardmoreite feels that it has accomplished something exceedingly worth while in engaging Miss Peet to come to Ardmore and lecture for the housewives here.

"BLACK DEVIL" IS TAMED.

Lawrence, Kas., April 10.—Oscar R. Gleason, horse tamer and horse educator, completely conquered 'Black Devil,' said to be the most vicious stallion in the world, before a crowd of 2,000 people here this afternoon.

The animal has been kept in confinement for four years in Havana, Kas., and for the first time in the eleven years of its existence was driven in harness today. Professor Gleason, who is 60 years old, tamed the stallion without using undue force or cruelty, the task requiring one hour and five minutes.

After roping the animal's front legs, Professor Gleason gradually, by kindness and some sternness won the complete confidence of the horse, which finally submitted to harnessing and was driven hitched to a buggy, obeying every instruction given by Professor Gleason.

John Fletcher, Farmer, Drops Dead

Gainesville, Texas, April 10.—John Fletcher, farmer, aged 54, fell dead today about three miles east of here. The body is being held awaiting arrival of relatives from Marietta, Oklahoma. The cause of his death is not known.



Miss Peet will Conduct The Ardmoreite's Second Annual Cooking School at the Robison Opera House Beginning Monday, April 19, 1915

DEATH RATE HIGH AMONG REFUGEES

TEN THOUSAND CHRISTIANS ARE CROWDED INTO PERSIAN MISSION RAPIDLY DYING — UNSPEAKABLE CONDITIONS.

New York, April 10.—"A fearful rate of mortality" among the 10,000 refugees at the American mission at Urumiah, where, it is said, 5,000 persons scarcely could find accommodation, is reported in a communication received here Friday through the state department at Washington by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions.

So great was the danger, it is said in the communication, that for a while it was unsafe for anyone to leave the premises and consequently the dead could not be buried. At times an average of forty refugees died every day.

The communication, a copy of one sent to F. W. Smith, American consul at Tiflis, Persia, by Rev. Robert M. La Bree of Urumiah, described in detail the flight of the Christians not only from Urumiah, but from all Azerbaijan provinces after the withdrawal of the Russian troops.

"Of the thousands who were forced to remain behind," the communication says in part, "their villages being so situated that flight was impossible, only the future can give us a correct list of those murdered by the Kurds; of the women and girls carried off, the children lost and the families separated."

Mission Alone is Spared.

"All who could fled to the city and found the one shelter that gave them the best hope of safety. That was our American mission property, guarded by the American flag and what was even more potent than the flag, the influence and confidence earned by long years of service by our missionaries."

"It is estimated that 12,000 took refuge in our mission compounds of Urumiah, while 3,000 more were given shelter at the French mission. Those who took refuge with us were unharmed, while villages were being plundered and burned and hundreds of lives were being lost."

The communication then described how Dr. Packard, missionary phy-

sician, at the risk of his life, conferred with the Kurdish chiefs and begged that the lives of the persons in a nearby village which was being besieged, might be given to him. He agreed that all property in the village should be turned over to the Kurds.

More Than 1,000 Saved.

"He prevailed," the communication says, "and in the middle of the night brought into the city with him more than one thousand men, women and children, who had been, by his intercession, saved from massacre in its most horrible forms."

The communication points out that all these refugees have to be fed; three tons of bread daily being needed to keep them from starvation.

"We cannot turn these people out to starve, as we could not turn them out to be slain," the communication continues.

Mr. La Bree asks that the Red Cross society be informed of the plight of the Christians in Urumiah. He has asked the board of foreign missions to furnish the mission with \$50,000 for its immediate needs.

Unspeakable Conditions.

New York, April 10.—Sanitary conditions in eastern Turkey are "unspeakable," according to reports made public here Friday from cities where the American board of foreign missions has hospitals. Typhus and typhoid fever are raging, physicians, missionaries, nurses and other Americans have caught the contagion, hospitals are overflowing, schools have been closed and sick soldiers "are toppling over like nine pins," it is said.

At Ezerum, where missions were established for the use of sick and wounded soldiers, the Rev. R. S. Stapleton and his wife, who is a physician, were taken with typhus as well as their two children. Dr. E. P. Case, who is in charge of the American hospital there, and his wife later were stricken with the disease. Two German women nurses, the druggist, the head Turkish doctor and the nurses were attacked in turn. There was no mention of fatalities except among the soldiers, in the reports.

"Sick soldiers are lying in the street in the mud," reads the report of conditions at Mezereh. "In the military hospital they died at the rate of fifteen a day. In the American board's hospital they are toppling over like nine pins."

Little Business Helps: Want Ads.

Have you a house or a room you wish to rent? It will cost but thirty cents to rent it—try the want ads.

CONTENDING ARMIES ARE ON BATTLEFIELD

ARE ANIMATED BY HIGH IDEALS SAYS WILSON — "SILENT TRIBUNAL OF PUBLIC OPINION" AWAITS OUTCOME.

Washington, April 10.—In a speech before the Maryland annual conference of the Methodist Protestant church in session here tonight, President Wilson said it was his belief that no man was wise enough to pronounce judgment on the European war at this time. He said in part: "It seemed to me that it was worth saying something like this: 'These are days of great perplexity, when a great cloud of trouble hangs and broods over the greater part of the world. It seems as if great blind material forces had been released which had for long been held in leash and restraint. Yet underneath it, you can see the strong impulses of great ideals. It would be impossible, ladies and gentlemen, for men to go through what men are going through on the battlefields of Europe and struggle through the present dark night of their terrible struggle if it were not that they saw, or thought they saw, the broadening of light where the morning should come up, and believed that they were standing each on his side of the contest for some eternal principle of right."

"Then all about them, all about us, there sits the silent, waiting tribunal which is going to utter the ultimate judgment upon this struggle, the great tribunal of the opinion of the world, and I fancy I see, I hope that I see, I pray that it may be that I do truly see, great spiritual forces lying waiting for the outcome of this thing to assert themselves, and asserting themselves even now, to enlighten our judgment and steady our spirits. No man is wise enough to pronounce judgment, but we can all hold our spirits in readiness to accept the truth when it dawns on us and is revealed to us in the outcome of this titanic struggle."

The Want Ads Pay.

Little Business Helps: Want Ads.

ALLEGED BANK ROBBER ARRESTED AT MCALISTER

Chandler, Okla., April 10.—Claude Sawyer, charged with having been a member of the Henry Starr gang that robbed the two banks at Stroud, Okla., Saturday, March 27, was placed in jail here Friday. Sawyer was arrested late Thursday night in a livery stable at McAlester by William Tilghman, special officer; George Arnold, sheriff of Lincoln county, and Frank Miles, a deputy sheriff of Lincoln county. According to Tilghman the clue which led to the arrest of Sawyer was obtained through Sam Estes, the cell mate of "Bud" Maxfield, while Maxfield charged with having been a member of the Starr gang, was being held as a suspect in the Tulsa county jail. Tilghman asserts that the placing of Sam Estes in the Tulsa county jail was part of a plan to obtain information from "Bud" Maxfield which might lead to the arrest of other alleged members of the Starr gang of robbers. A banker from Stroud called at the jail and "identified" Sam Estes as one of the men who participated in the raid. Tilghman is authority for the statement that Sam Estes had nothing to do with the robbery. Sam Estes is a brother to Louis Estes, the wounded bandit now confined in the Lincoln county jail at Chandler, says Tilghman. Louis Estes was shot in the neck while he was leaving Stroud, after having participated in the raid upon the two banks in the town.

When Sawyer was arrested in McAlester Thursday night he wore a \$35 cowboy hat. He is six feet and two inches tall. When placed under arrest he pleaded with the officers to be allowed to telephone his father, who, he said, lives ten miles from McAlester and is wealthy. The officers, fearing that Sawyer would make use of the telephone for the purpose of summoning companions who might interfere with the arrest, hurried the prisoner out of McAlester to Tulsa.

Friday afternoon the officers brought Sawyer and Bud Maxfield to Chandler where they were lodged in jail with Henry Starr and Louis Estes. With Sam Estes eliminated as a suspect there are three of the Henry Starr gang of Stroud bank robbers still at large.

DANISH STEAMER PICKS UP LIVE GERMAN TORPEDO

Copenhagen, April 10 (Correspondence of The Associated Press)—A small Danish steamer which has arrived here, brought with it a live German torpedo, about twenty inches in dia-

WAR PARTY IN ITALY DEMAND INTERVENTION

MOVEMENT AGAINST MONARCHY THREATENED IF NATION LONGER AVOIDS CONFLICT — EXCITING TIMES.

Rome, April 10.—Political parties favorable to Italy's immediate intervention in the war, comprising democrats, radicals, reformists, socialists and nationalists, have arranged a great meeting to be held Sunday throughout Italy in an endeavor to bring about the participation of the country in the conflict.

The Courriere D'Italia, commenting Friday on the event, says that it has assumed the character of a warning to the monarchy, since the National league, which arranged the meeting, adopted a resolution containing this sentence:

"If after long waiting there are disillusion, no matter of what nature, a profound political upheaval is inevitable."

Professor Mussoline, a socialist leader, explains this section of the resolution thus:

"In other words, if the monarchy is unable to make national war, the monarchy will cease to exist in Italy as a profound political upheaval means a change of regime."

The question whether Italy and Austrian peace still is possible, and whether a separate Russian-Austrian peace treaty is probable, are discussed by the press of the capital. The papers agree the two questions are closely related since, if Russia, with the permission of her allies, obtains what she desires and comes to terms with Vienna, it is impossible to imagine Austria would be willing to make territorial concessions to Italy.

It is regarded as probable by the newspapers that reports of peace negotiations will be denied in all official quarters until some tangible agreement is reached. The position of Austria, it is contended, is becoming daily more grave because of the Russian invasion and the threat of Italian intervention.

Rome, April 10.—Italy's failure to enter the war up to the present time is explained in official circles as due to the fact that the country's statesmen do not want to plunge the nation into the enormous risks of war without first exhausting every means of obtaining what the people desire without recourse to arms. It is pointed out that in the meantime Italy is gaining every day in military strength and in economic resources by postponing her entrance into the conflict.

Official reports received here from European capitals are said to agree in the statement that the supreme clash between the allies on the one side and the Austro-German armies on the other, which originally seemed certain to take place in May, will be postponed until June or even later.

The answer made to those who are arguing immediate hostilities is that under the circumstances there is no reason why Italy should hasten her action, since the longer she delays the greater would be her chances of success and the greater aid she would be able to give those countries on whose side she would align herself.

No attempt is made to deny that a war against Austria, for which the people have most felt animosity, would be popular. In this connection it is pointed out that the Italian army has been successfully mobilized without a protest from Austria, the country most obviously threatened. This is taken in some quarters to indicate that the leaders of the dual monarchy are desirous of averting hostilities and that they may yet consent to make the territorial concessions Italy desires.

meter, complete, with net cutters attached. It had been found floating in the middle of the North Sea.

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